

▶ Changes in EN ISO 13849-1 - Functional Safety Standard



Amol Bari

Agenda

- ▶ Introduction
- ▶ Significant Changes with respect to earlier version
- ▶ ISO 13849-1 Significant changes 2023
- ▶ EN ISO 13849 as an instrument for achieving machinery safety
- ▶ Risk assessment and risk reduction combined with functional safety
- ▶ Evaluation of the implementation of self-developed subsystems
- ▶ Validation in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1

Introduction

- The standard EN ISO 13849-1 is one of the main safety standards for the design of safety-related control systems for machinery.
- It is the most important functional safety standard in Engineering.
- The standard is to be applied to safety-related parts of control systems, irrespective of the technology and energy used (electrical, hydraulic, pneumatic, mechanical).
- The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) published the new edition of ISO 13849-1 on 27. April 2023.
- The revised version specifies a range of guidelines, for determining the performance level and thus provides better support with implementation.
- It also takes account of the greater significance of software and it's validation.



PILZ |

▶ ISO 13849-1 – Significant changes 2023

- Clearer structure overall, focusing on the implementation of a safety function as a combination of several subsystems
- Use of the term "subsystem" throughout the document (instead of SRP/CS)
- Improved and extended specification of safety functions (Clause 5)
- Improved guidelines and additional requirements relating to the SRS (safety requirements specification) (Clause 5)
- Clarifications regarding design aspects (Clause 6); e.g. optimized Category 2 definition, determination of CCF per subsystem and with regard to fault consideration, fault exclusion and well-tried components
- Improvements and clarifications regarding software (Clause 7)
- Validation (Clause 10); the normative requirements of ISO 13849-2 were revised and incorporated

▶ ISO 13849-1 – Significant changes 2023

- Determination of the required performance level (Annex A); changes with regard to parameter P
- Clarification of measures against common cause failures (CCF) (Annex F)
- Guidelines for the management of functional safety were extended (Annex G.5)
- Details of how to guarantee that EMC noise immunity is sufficiently high (Annex L)
- Supplementary information for the safety requirements specification (Annex M)
- Avoidance of systematic failure through software design (Annex N); contains a simple example for software validation
- Additional information on safety-related values of components (Annex O), adapted to the approach of VDMA standard sheet 66413

▶ EN ISO 13849 as an instrument for achieving machinery safety

- ▶ Part 1 ISO 13849-1 General principles for design. It is technically revised to clarify and detail some requirements, without introducing any new technical concepts. (republished in 2023)
- ► Part 2 of the standard EN ISO 13849-2:2012: Validation will initially remain as it is and will be revised afterwards.
- The standard is based on a probabilistic approach for the assessment of SRPCS internationally unified requirements, referring to the risk assessment, PL 'r' and identification of SRPCS.



▶ Risk assessment and risk reduction combined with functional safety

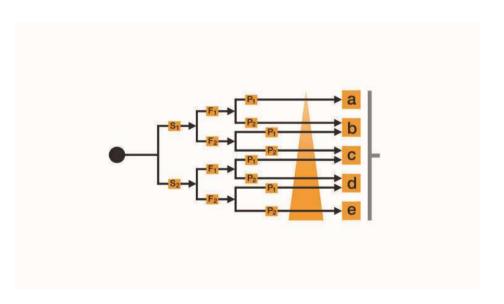
The design of the safety-related parts of control systems is an iterative process follows the following Steps

- Step 1 : Define the safety function requirements
- Step 2 : Determine the required performance level (PL)
- Step 3: Design and technically implement the safety functions
- Step 4 : Determine and quantitively evaluate the performance level
- Step 5: Verification
- Step 6 : Validation

Risk evaluation and determination of the required performance level PL

The possibility of avoiding the hazard or limiting harm is further specified through five factors for parameter P (Annex 'A')

- Speed with which the hazard arises (e.g. quickly or slowly)
- Possibilities for hazard avoidance (e.g. by escaping)
- Practical safety experiences relating to the process
- Operation by experts or non-professionals
- Operation with or without supervision



▶ Aim of EN ISO 13849-1 and the performance level — Risk reduction

A safety requirements specification (SRS) is required for a clear description of the safety functions with recorded documents

- Function description with the triggering event, reaction and safe state
- PL 'r'
- Corresponding operating modes
- Reaction times
- Error reaction and behaviour
- Priority
- Interfaces (with other safety functions)

Evaluation of the implementation of self-developed subsystems

In ISO 13849-1 and EN ISO 13849-1, the following aspects must be defined in order to determine the PL of a subsystem.

- System category (structural requirement): Subsystem for fault detection and/or its reliability
- Mean time to dangerous failure (MTTFd)
- Diagnostic coverage (DC), defined as a measure of the effectiveness of the diagnostics:
- Common cause failure (CCF)



▶ Software – Informative Annex N for avoiding systematic faults

The requirements of application software have been increased in comparison with the previous version EN ISO 13849-1: 2015.

An informative Annex N has been included on the subject of avoiding faults/fault avoidance measures for the safety-related software design. ISO 13849-1 now covers various software types:



- Safety-related embedded software (SRESW)
- Safety-related application software (SRASW)
- Parameter setting software

Validation in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1

The validation specifications have been adapted and the normative requirements regarding the validation procedure from ISO 13849-2:2012 have been revised and integrated into ISO 13849-1:2023, e.g.

- The analysis supplements the test.
- Validation and examination of the SRS is described in detail
- A simple example of software validation is also provided

Electromagnetic compatibility requirements (EMC)

An informative Annex L has been incorporated into ISO 13849-1.

- Guarantees sufficient EMC noise immunity with basic measures against EMC Influences
- Various options are Listed with EMC measures table
- The EMC Directive regulates the essential requirements for electromagnetic compatibility.



Pilz India Pvt. Ltd., 6th Floor Cybernex, Shankar Seth Road, Swargate Pune 411037 +91-20- 49221100, info@pilz .in,www.pilz.in

www.pilz.com











© Pilz GmbH & Co. KG 2021

CECE®, CHRE®, CMSE®, InduraNET p®, Leansafe®, Master of Safety®, PAScal®, PAScal®, PAScal®, PAScal®, PAScal®, PAScal®, PAScal®, PAScal®, PAScal®, PMCprimo®, PMCprimo®, PMCprimo®, PMCprimo®, PMCprimo®, PMCprimo®, PMCprimo®, PMCprimo®, PRCM®, Primo®, PRCM®, Primo®, PRS®, PVIS®, SafetyBUS p®, Safet

