



ISSA Safety Seminar

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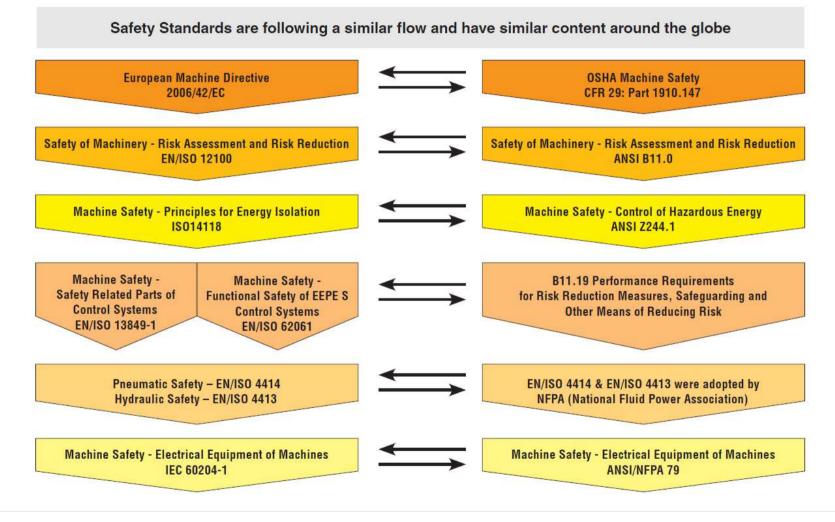
THIS IS WHY





Safety Regulations









The PL of the device shall be determined by the estimation of the following:

MTTF_D mean time to failure dangerous
(lifetime considerations)

DC – diagnostic coverage
(failure discovery considerations)

– CCF – common cause failures





$MTTF_{D}$ mean time to failure dangerous (calculation)

Failure is dependent on load and operating frequency - cycles

Denotation of MTTF _D of each channel	Range of MTTF _D of each channel
Low	3 years <= MTTF _D < 10 years
Medium	10 years <= MTTF _D < 30 years
High	30 years <= MTTF _D < 100 years

 $MTTF_{D} = T_{10D} / 0,1$ $T_{10D} = B_{10D} / n_{op}$

$$T_{10D} = B_{10D} / n_{op}$$

 T_{10D} = Mean time until 10% of the components have a dangerous failure (Component operating time is restricted to T_{10D})

 B_{10D} = Number of operations where 10% of the sample has statistically failed to danger.

 $B_{10D} = 2 \times B10$

 n_{op} = number of operations per year



ISO 13849-1:2015



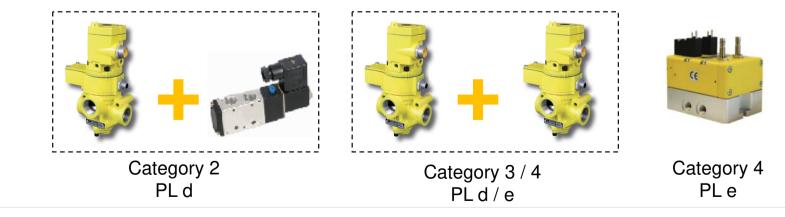
6.2.5 Category 2: Initiating of a safe state

PL a to PL c: whenever practicable, initiation a safe state, otherwise a warning will be sufficient



Category 2 PL c

PL d: the Output (OTE) shall initiate a safe state until the fault is cleared!





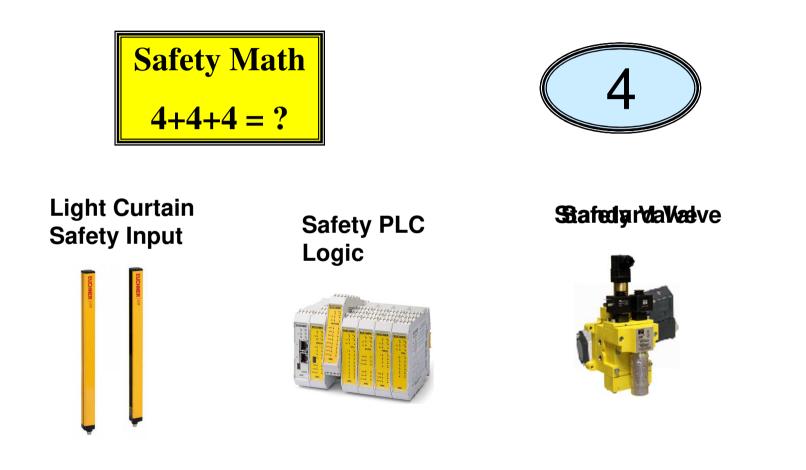
The Control system <u>does NOT END</u> with the wire!

It includes all components involved in performing the safety function; sensors, manual input, and mode selection elements, interlocking and decision-making circuitry, and output elements that control machine operating devices or mechanisms.

Safety Input +	Safety Logic +	Safety Output	=	Complete Safety Function
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PNEUMATIC 3/2- and 5/2-SAFETY VALVE: BASICALLY A <u>PNEUMATIC SAFETY RELAY!</u>

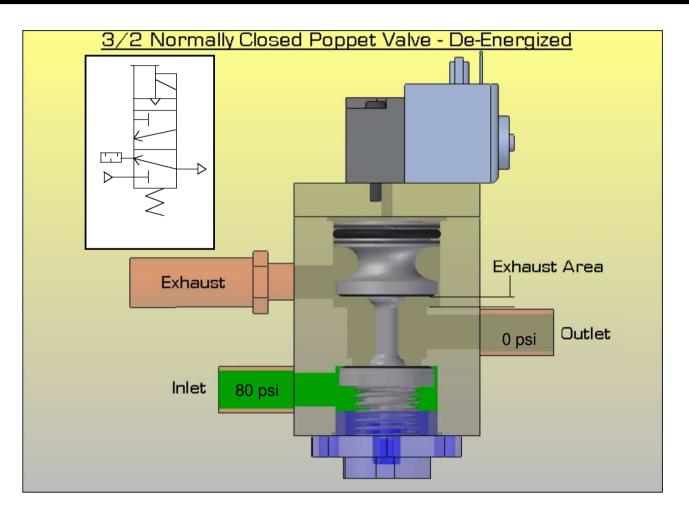
Intended for:

- main air supply for whole machine or zone
- safety control of power units
- Many systems utilize a downstream pressure switch to verify that pressure is exhausted if the volume and risk assessment warrants it



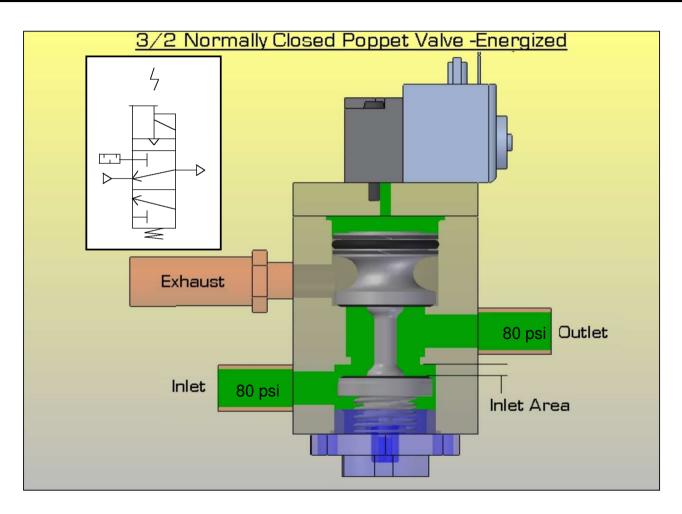






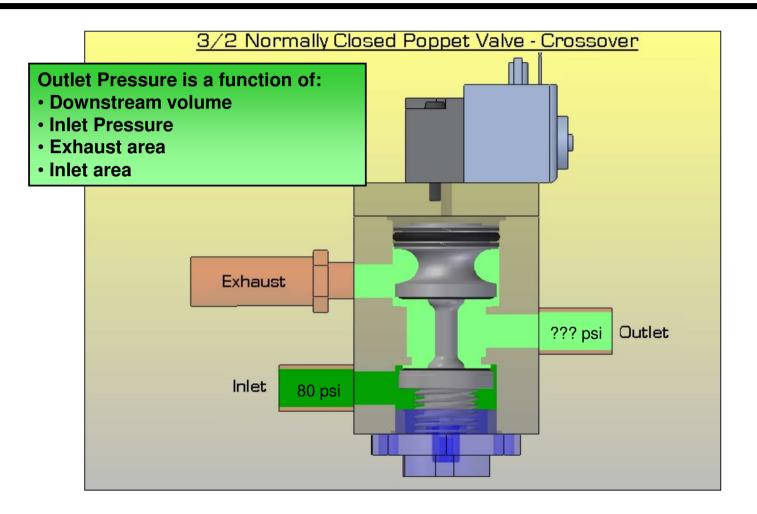














Hazards & Failures





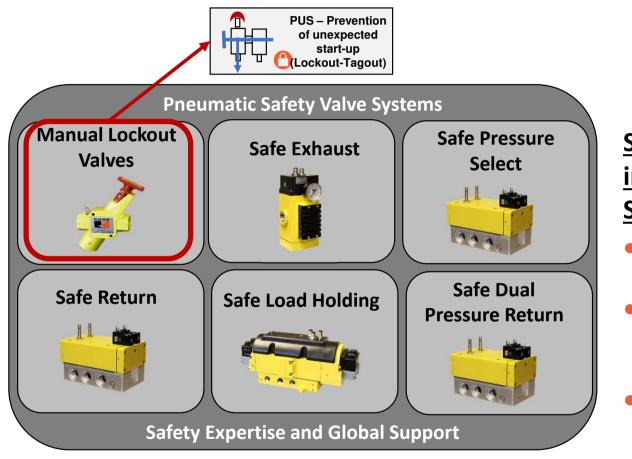




This will never happen?







<u>Superior Value</u> <u>in Pneumatic</u> <u>Safety</u>

- Broadest safety valve portfolio
- Superior pneumatic safety technology
- Longest lasting valves in the market



- ISO 14118 Safety of machinery Prevention of unexpected start-up
- **OSHA 1910.147** The control of Hazardous energy
- ANSI Z244 Lockout/Tagout
- CSA Z460 Control of hazardous energy Lockout and other methods

Lockout whenever a body part is put into a point of operation





Pneumatic Lock-out









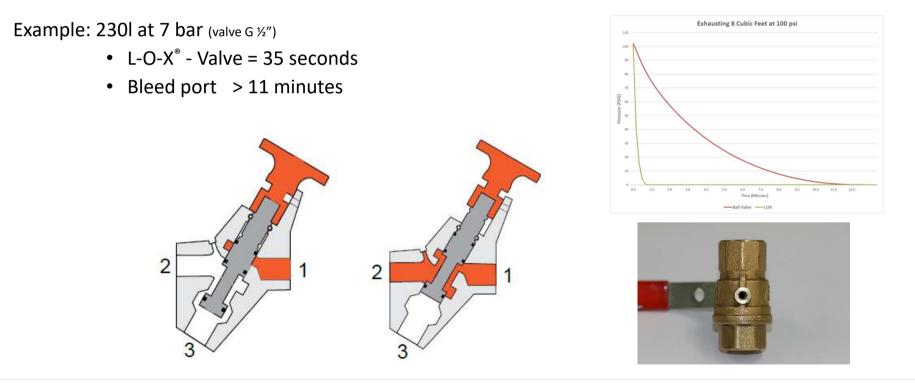


- Requirements (ISO 14118)
- A manually operated valve ٠
- Not be used for any other function ٠
- Located outside of ٠ hazardous areas
- Should only be able • to be locked in off position
- Easily identified and operated ٠
- Tamper resistant ٠





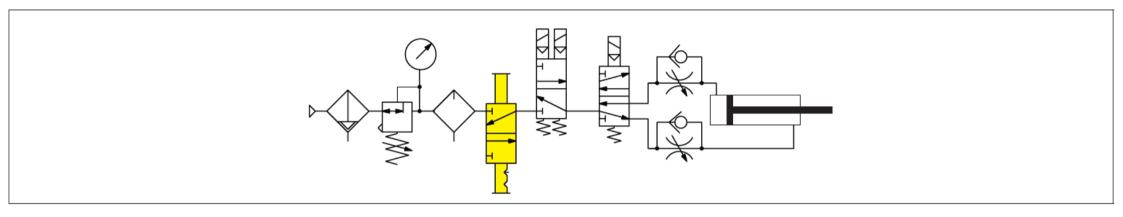
- Best Practice (ANSI B11.0 & B155.1)
 - "Positive action" which would indicate only two positions (ON and OFF)
 - A method for the employee to verify that the energy has dissipated after
 - Full diameter exhaust (rapid release of stored energy)



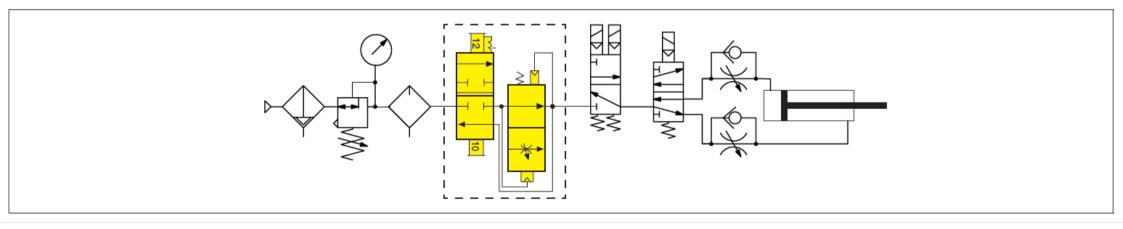




Pneumatic Energy Isolation Example 1 – With standard Lockout valve without Soft-Start



Pneumatic Energy Isolation Example 2 – With standard Lockout valve with Soft-Start

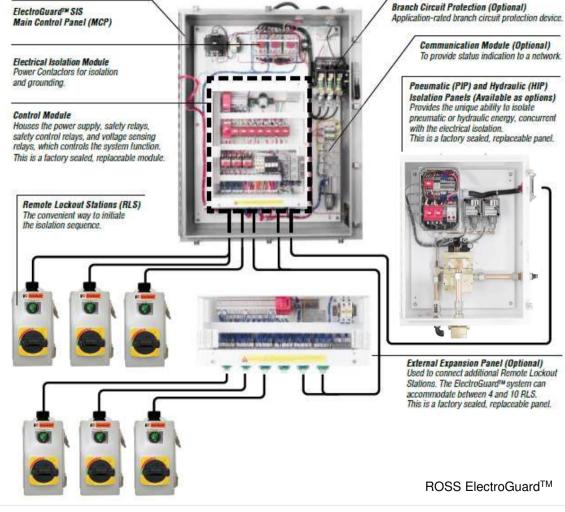




Safety Isolation systems for LOTO (OSHA conform)



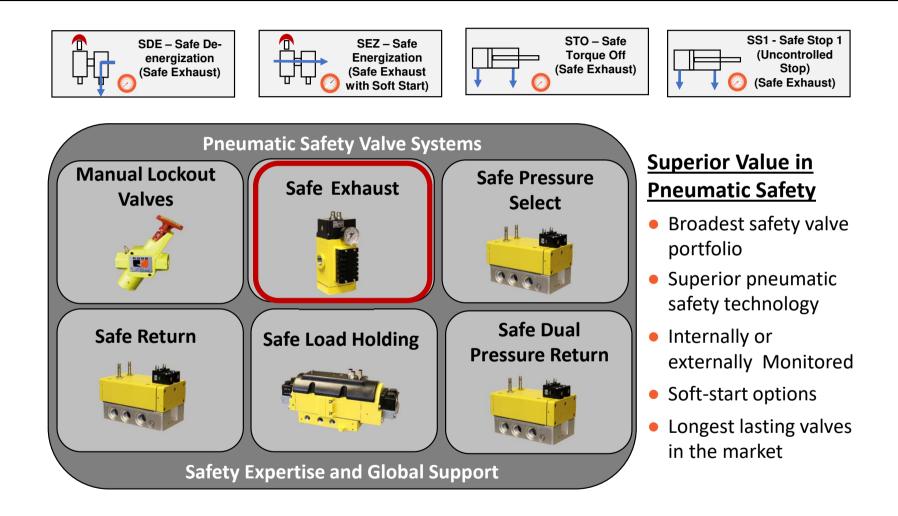






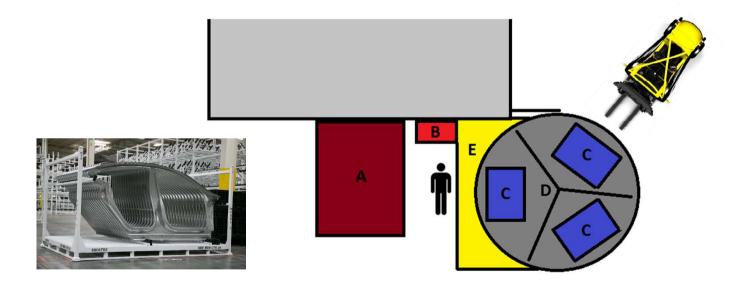
Pneumatic safe-exhaust







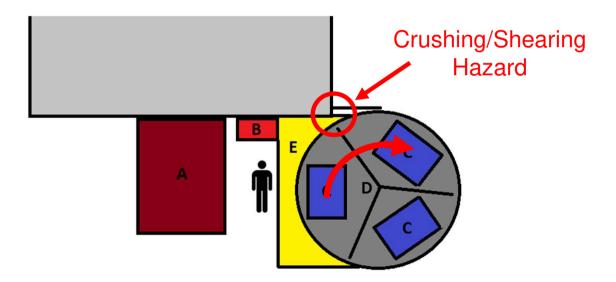
- Transfer press line part removal
 - Operator removes part from conveyor A
 - Part is placed on rack C
 - Fork trucks remove full racks, load empty racks







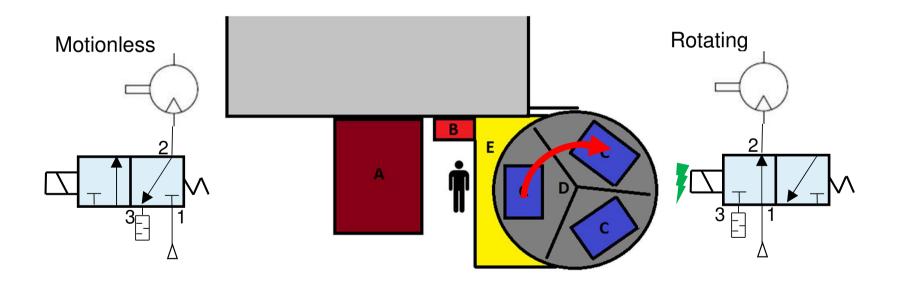
- Hazardous situation
 - Once rack C is full table D must rotate
 - Operator controls 3/2 NC valve at control panel B
 - Rotation creates crushing/shearing hazard







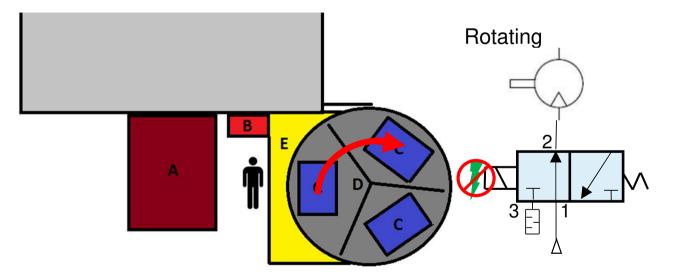
- Safety controls
 - Electrical push button controls 3/2 NC valve
 - Valve supplies air motor controlling rotation
 - Light Curtain E ensures no exposure to crush point







- Valve failure mode Stuck in shifted position
 - Rotation continued
 - Light Curtain & relay had no effect





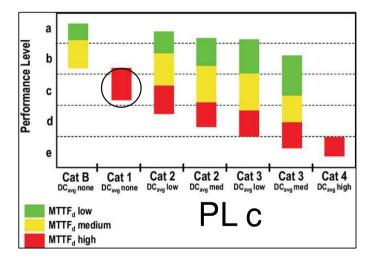
- Light curtain cycle rate = every 1 minute
- Valve cycle rate = every 15 minutes

	Light Curtain	Valve
cycle time (sec)	60	900
hours per day	8	8
days per week	5	5
weeks per year	52	52
cycles per year	124800	8320

	Input	Logic	Output
Description	Safety Mat	Safety Relay	Valve
B _{10D}			2000000
n _{op}	124800		8320
	100	100	100
DC	99%	99%	0%
Category	4	4	1

System MTTF _D	33	High
System DC	66%	Low
System Category	1	
PL	C	



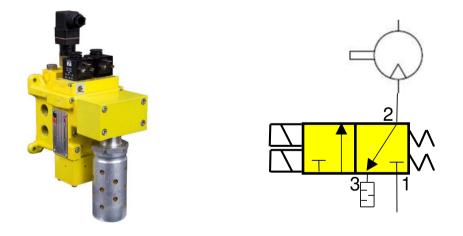








- Fluid power solution
 - Redundant, internal or external-monitored double-valve
 - Fail safe (exhaust)
 - Removes supply when de-energized (stops rotation)





Pneumatic safe-exhaust - Example

- Safety light curtain cycle rate = every 1 minute
- Valve cycle rate = every 15 minutes

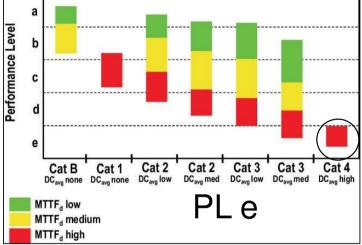
	Light Curtain	Valve
cycle time (sec)	60	900
hours per day	8	8
days per week	5	5
weeks per year	52	52
cycles per year	124800	8320

	Input	Logic	Output
Description	Light curtain	Safety Relay	Valve
B10 _D			2000000
n _{op}	124800		8320
MTTFD	100	100	2500
DC	99%	99%	99%
Category	4	4	4

System MTTF _D	49	High
System DC	99%	High
System Category	4	
PL	е	















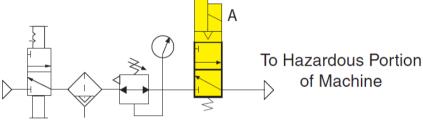






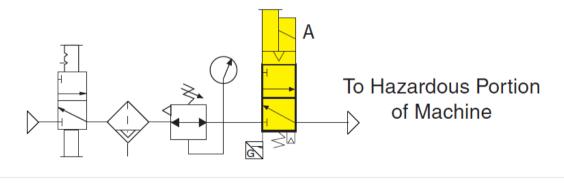
Pneumatic Safe Exhaust Example 1 – Category 1

3/2 single channel solenoid-operated spring return control valve with no feedback. A Category 1 control system may not require a safe exhaust valve for general operation but may be needed for emergency stop or removing the air supply to vacuum systems or other air driven devices.



Pneumatic Safe Exhaust Example 2 – Category 2

3/2 single channel solenoid-operated spring return control valve with feedback - must be monitored by the safety controller.

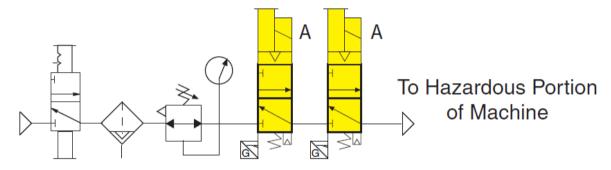






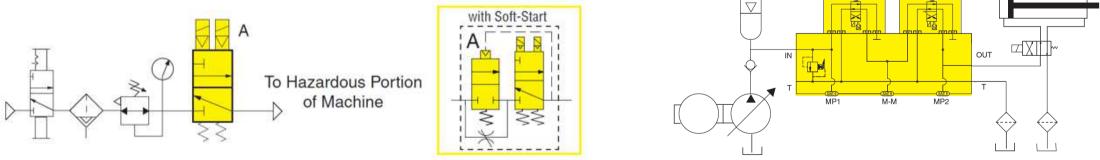
Pneumatic Safe Exhaust Example 3 – Category 3 or 4

Two 3/2 single channel solenoid-operated spring return control valves with feedback - must be monitored by the safety controller.



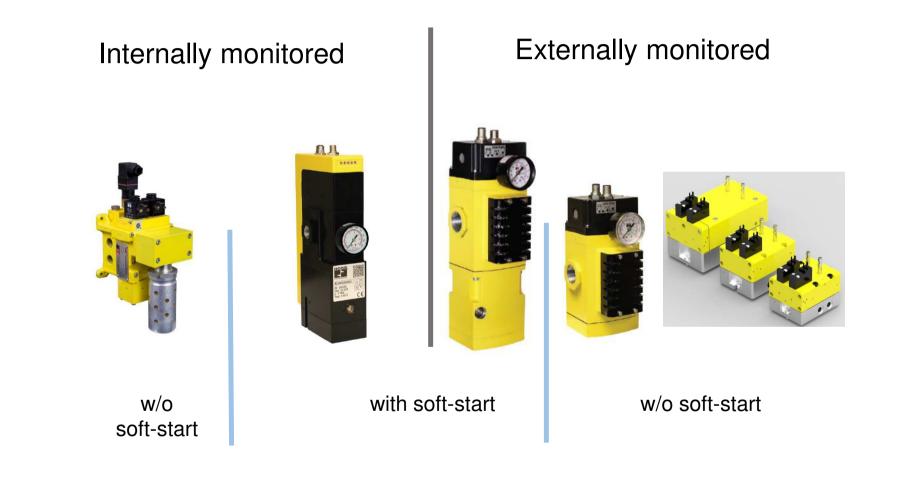
Pneumatic Safe Exhaust Example 4 – Safe Block & Bleed Example 1 – Category 4

3/2 dual channel solenoid-operated spring return control valve – monitoring may be internal or external depending on valve series selected.



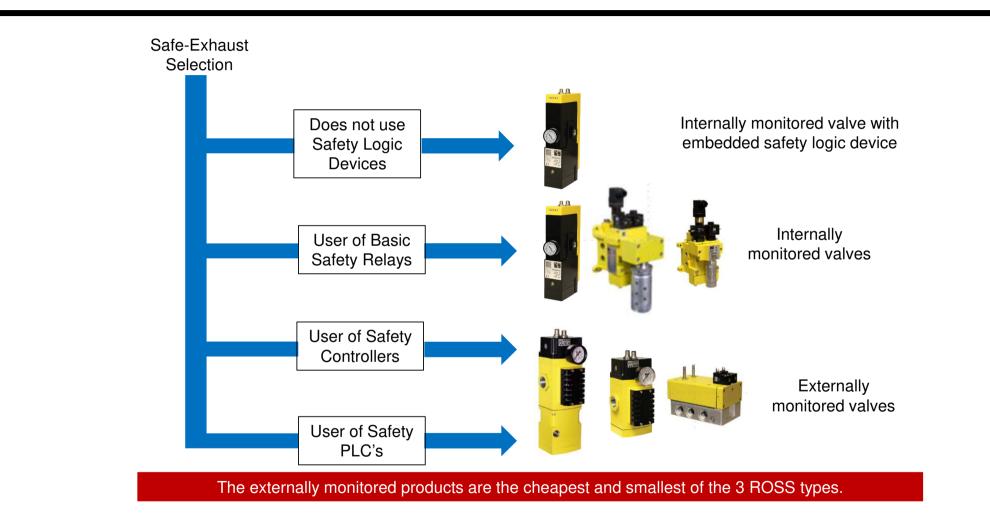






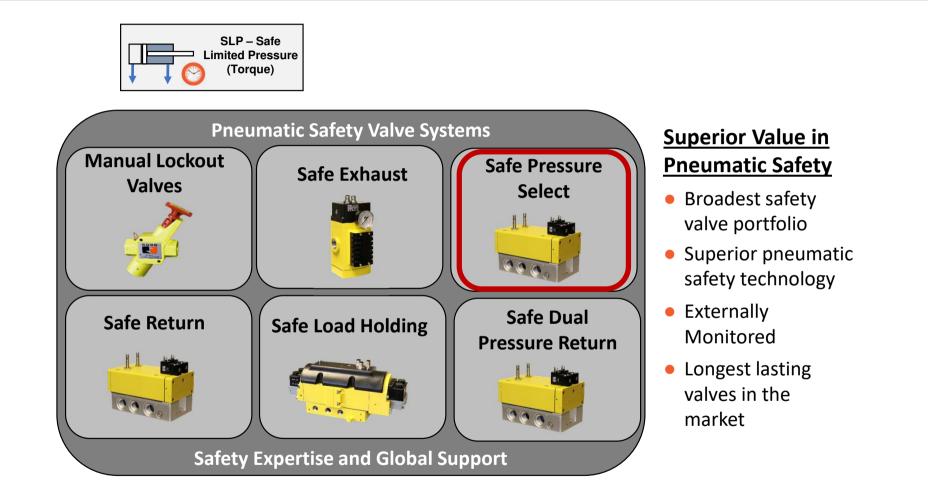














Moderate, Serious & Catastrophic injuries require the use of safety solutions that meet Performance Levels C, D and E according to ISO13849

•Per EN 16092-4 here is a Risk of injury if:

Force > 150 N (33.8 lbf) Weight of tooling > 15 kg (33 lbs)

• Per ANSI B11.0 the Risk is:

Moderate	150 N (33.7 <u>lbf</u>) < Force < 400 N (90)	PLc
Serious	400 N (90 lbf) < Force < 2000 N (450)	PLd
Catastrophic	Force > 2000 N (450 lbf)	PLe

Bore	Area	Force (60 psi)	Force (80 psi)	Force (100 psi)
0.75	0.44	27	35	44
1	0.79	47	63	79
1.25	1.23	74	98	123
1.5	1.77	106	141	177
2.5	4.91	295	393	491
3	7.07	424	565	707
4	12.57	754	1005	1257

Bore	Area	Force (5.5 BAR)	Force (7 BAR)	Force (10 BAR)
14	153.94	85	108	154
22	380.13	209	266	380
27	572.55	315	401	573
50	1963.49	1080	1374	1963
63	3117.24	1714	2182	3117
80	5026.54	2765	3519	5027

If fluid power hazards are moderate, serious or catastrophic the safety solution has to meet PLc, PLd or PLe.

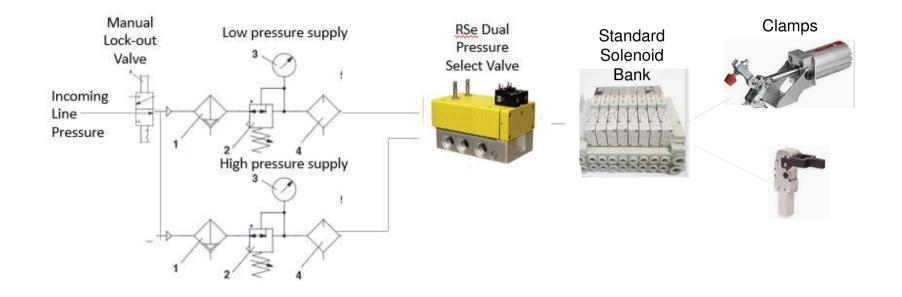








Most welding work-cells uses clamps that are actuated by foot-pedals. These systems are generally operated at full line pressure (100psi), most companies dump pneumatic pressure when the operator is loading parts.



Welding and riveting machine manufacturers are using safe pressure select valves to switch between high and low pressure when operators are in the load area.



Safe pressure select examples

Safe Pressure Select Example 1 – Category 1

5/2 single solenoid-operated spring return control valve with no feedback.

Safe Pressure Select Example 2 – Category 2

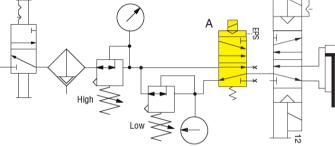
Ress. | Automatic" | Decco" | pneumotrol | manufactis

5/2 single channel solenoid-operated spring return control valve with feedback - must be monitored by the safety control system.

The use of Safe Pressure Select solutions requires the force to be reduced to below the safe limited force of 150N.

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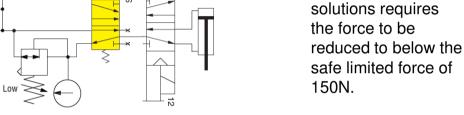






NOTE:

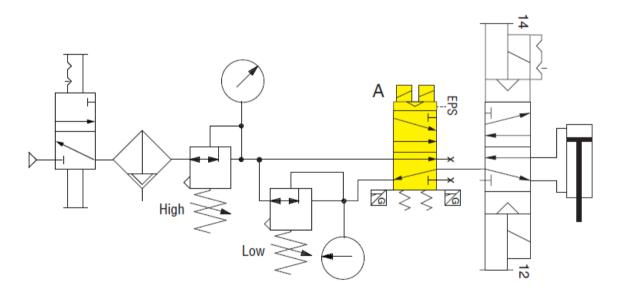
The use of Safe Pressure Select





Safe Pressure Select Example 3 – Category 4

5/2 dual channel solenoid-operated spring return control valve with feedback - must be monitored by the safety controller.

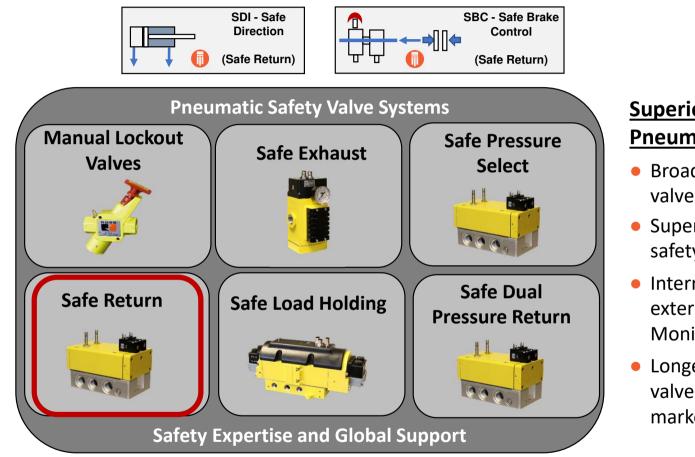


NOTE:

The use of Safe Pressure Select solutions requires the force to be reduced to below the safe limited force of 150N.





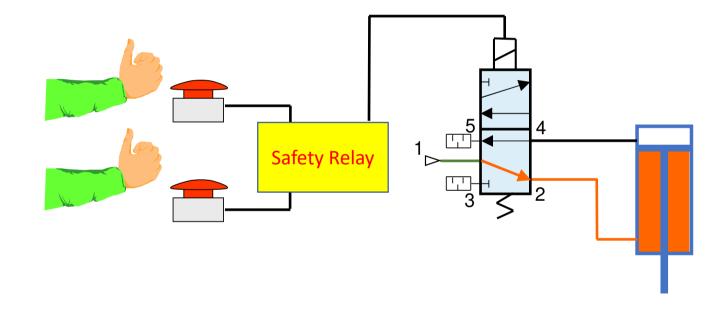




- Broadest safety valve portfolio
- Superior pneumatic safety technology
- Internally or externally Monitored
- Longest lasting valves in the market



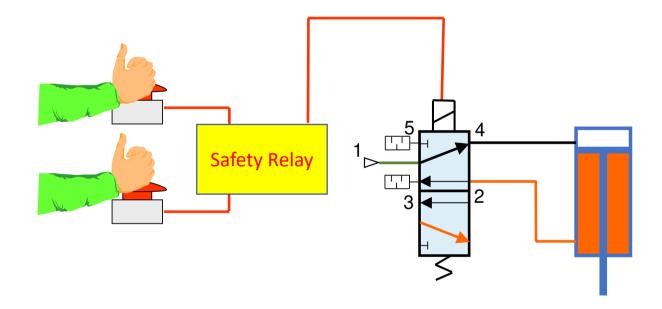
• Single channel example







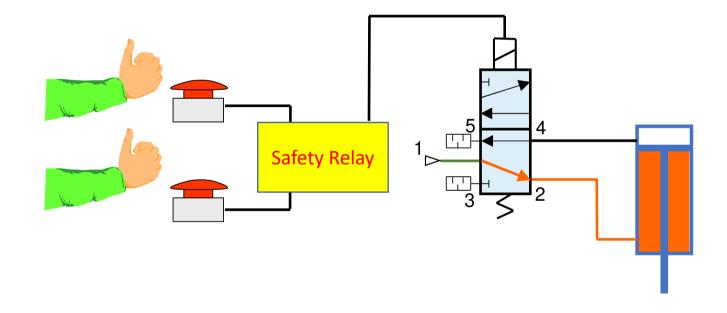
• Single channel example







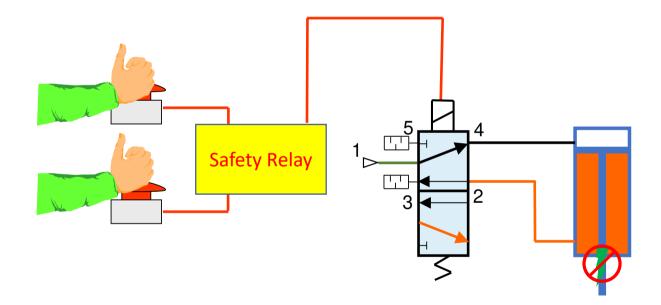
• Single channel example







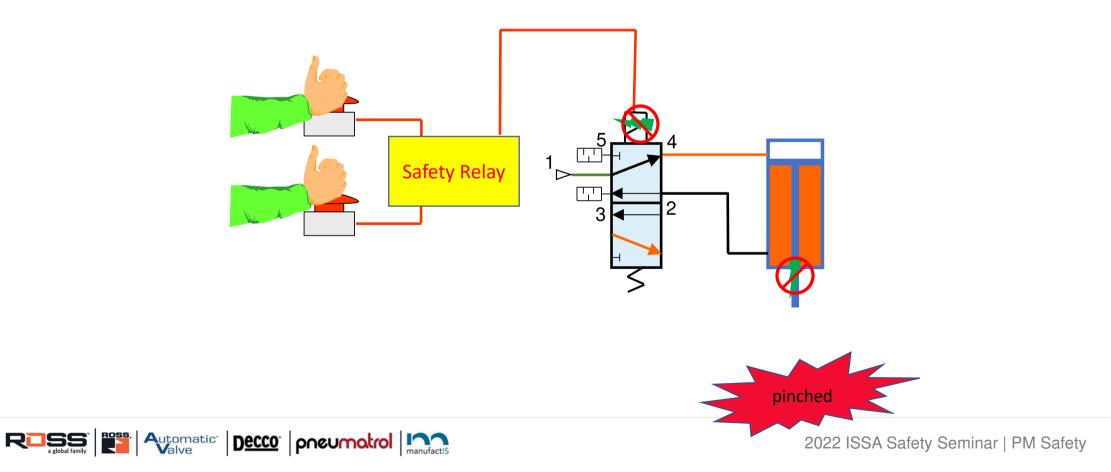
• Single channel **failure** example







• Single channel **failure** example



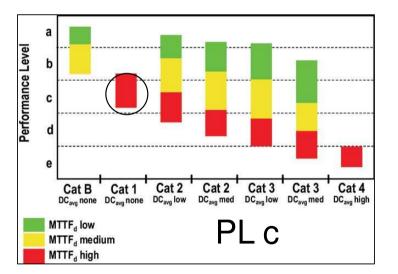
• Two hand control system = 1 min cycle rate

Cycles	Two Hand	Valve
cycle time (sec)	60	60
hours per day	8	8
days per week	5	5
weeks per year	50	50
cycles per year	120000	120000

	Input	Logic	Output
Description	Two Hand	Safety Relay	Valve
B10 _D	1000000		2000000
n _{op}	120000		120000
	83	100	100
DC	99%	99%	0%
Category	4	4	1

System MTTF _D	31	High
System DC	68%	Low
System Category	1	
PL	C	





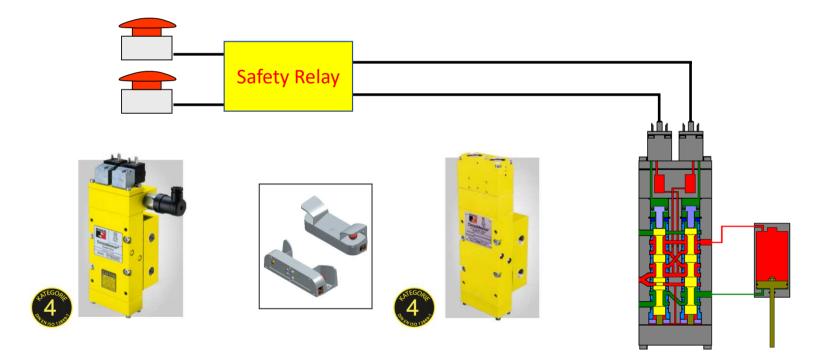




Safe return example – Vertical Cylinder

- Two hand control
- Valve to extend cylinder
- Dual safety circuit



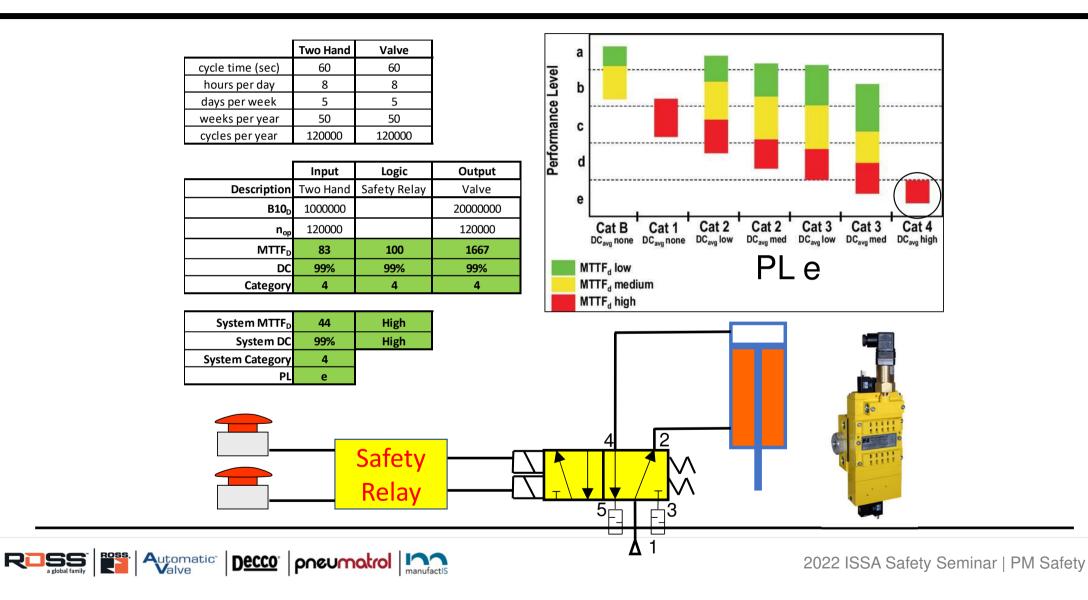








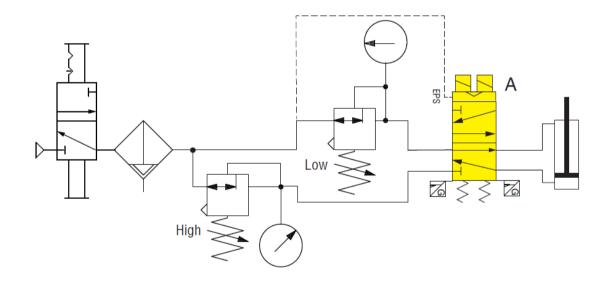
Safe return example – Vertical Cylinder





Dual Safe Return Dual Pressure Example 3 – Category 4

5/2 dual channel solenoid-oprated spring return control valve with feedback - must be monitored by the safety controller.



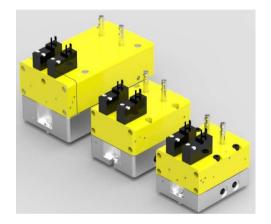




Internally monitored

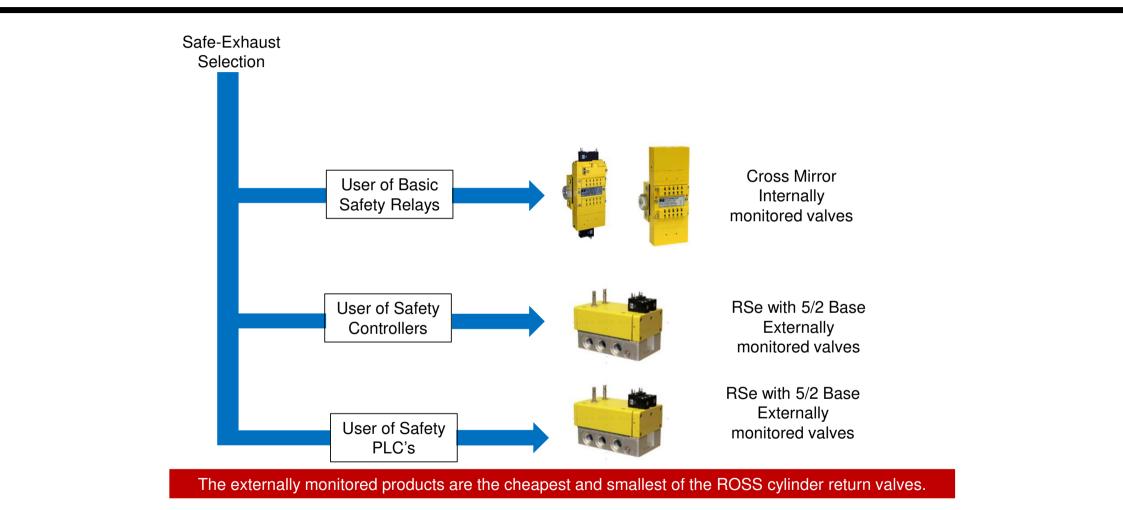


Externally monitored



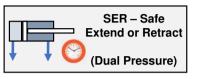


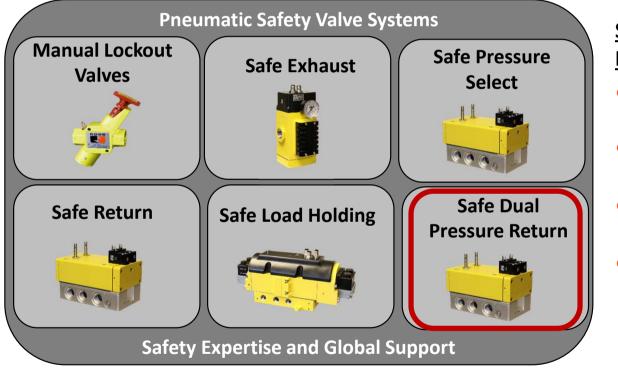












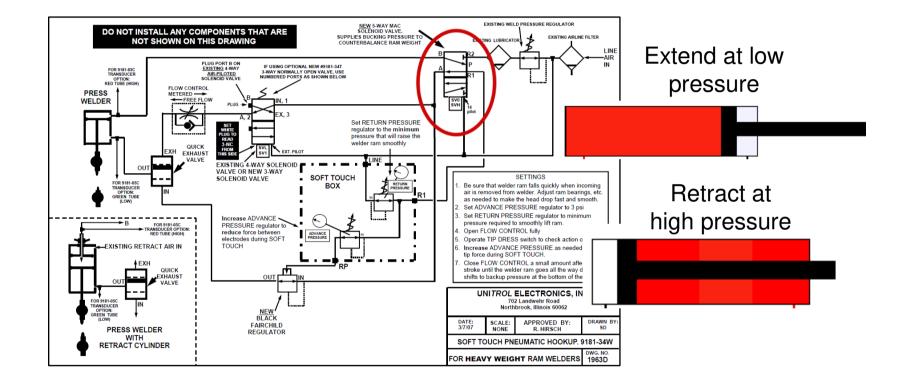
Superior Value in Pneumatic Safety

- Broadest safety valve portfolio
- Superior pneumatic safety technology
- Externally Monitored
- Longest lasting valves in the market



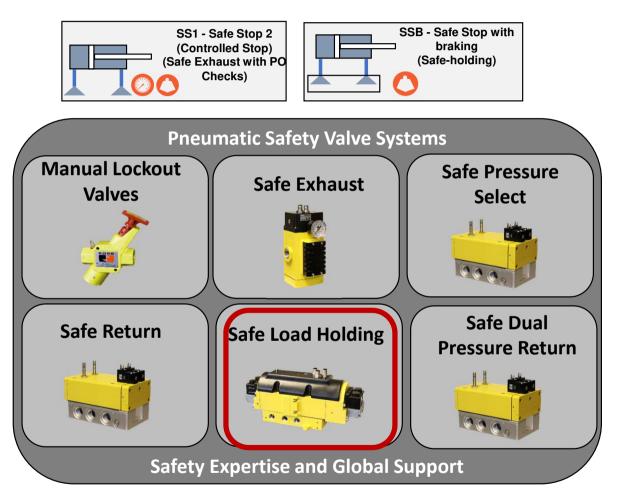
Rse welding extend & retract









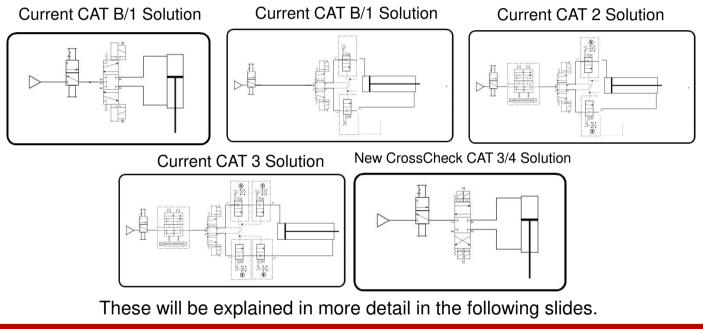


Superior Value in Pneumatic Safety

- Broadest safety valve portfolio
- Superior pneumatic safety technology
- Externally Monitored
- Trapped pressure release
- Longest lasting valves in the market



 Load holding with one of the most difficult areas for pneumatic safety to implement because there are a number of solutions depending on the safety level that needs to be reached.



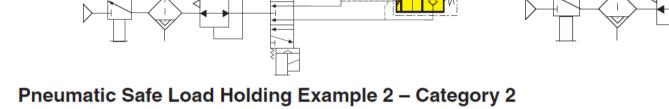
Load holding in the most complex application that you will see and most people do it wrong!



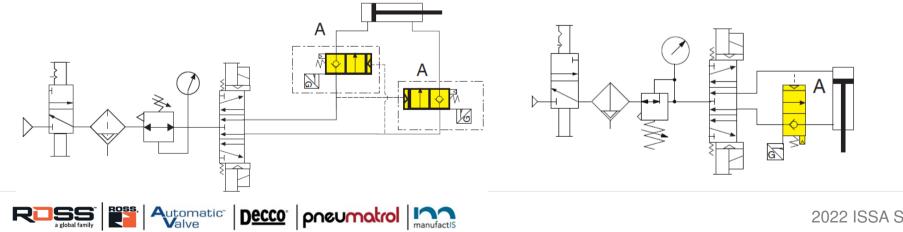
Safe Load holding examples

Pneumatic Safe Load Holding Example 1 – Category 1

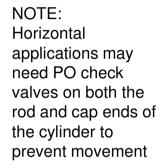
Single channel pilot-operated check valve with no feedback.







RUSS^a global family



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NOTE: Horizontal

applications may need PO check

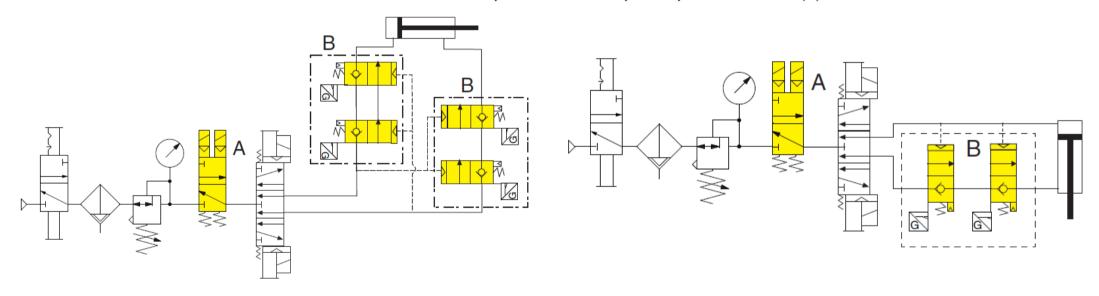
valves on both the rod and cap ends of

the cylinder to prevent movement



Pneumatic Safe Load Holding Example 3 – Category 3

Redundant pilot-operated check valves with feedback - must be monitored by the safety controller. Addition of the safe exhaust valve ensures a failure of the control valve does not override the PO check function. Open-center directional valves are recommended because closed-center valves can hinder operation of the pilot-operated check(s).



NOTE:

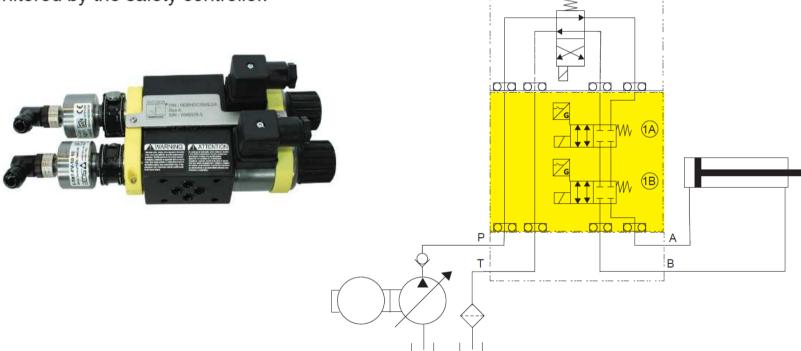
Horizontal applications may need PO check valves on both the rod and cap ends of the cylinder to prevent movement





Dual Safe Block and Stop Example – Category 4

Redundant dual channel solenoid-operated Block and Stop valve with feedback – used to block both cylinder lines - must be monitored by the safety controller.



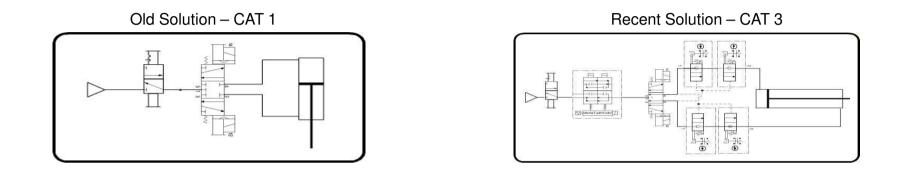
NOTE:

Dual Block & Stop valves are often used with an emergency stop to isolate supply pressure going to the valves that control machine actuators. Dual Block % Stop valves are also typically used on individual actuators to protect one area of a machine/system

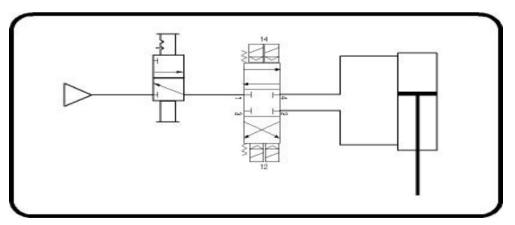


CC4 Application





New Solution – CAT 4 CROSS-CHECK



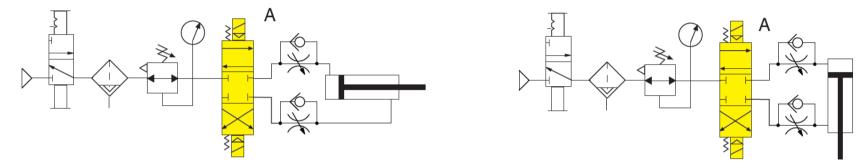


Safe return examples



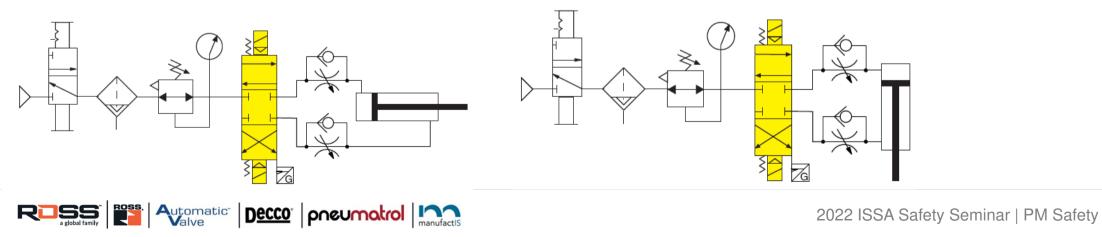
Pneumatic Safe Control and Stop Example 1 – Category 1

4/3 (or 5/3) single channel double solenoid-operated closed-center valve.



Pneumatic Safe Control and Stop Example 2 – Category 2

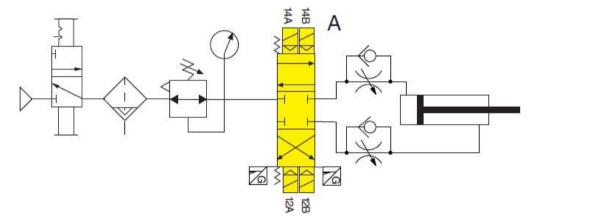
4/3 (or 5/3) single channel double solenoid-operated closed-center valve with feedback - must be monitored by the safety controller.

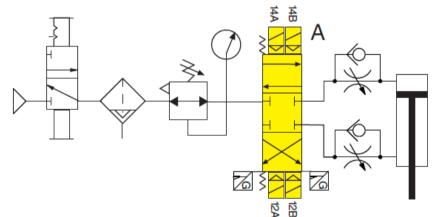




Pneumatic Safe Control and Stop Example 3 – Category 4

4/3 dual channel double solenoid-operated closed-center valve with feedback - must be monitored by the safety controller.







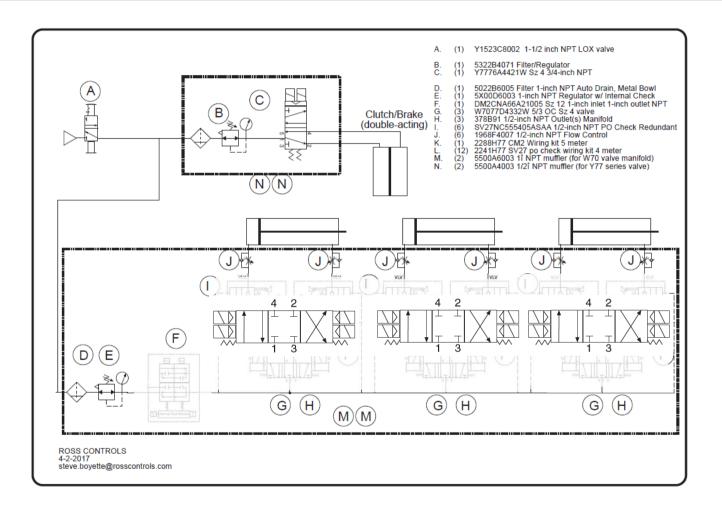






CC4 Application

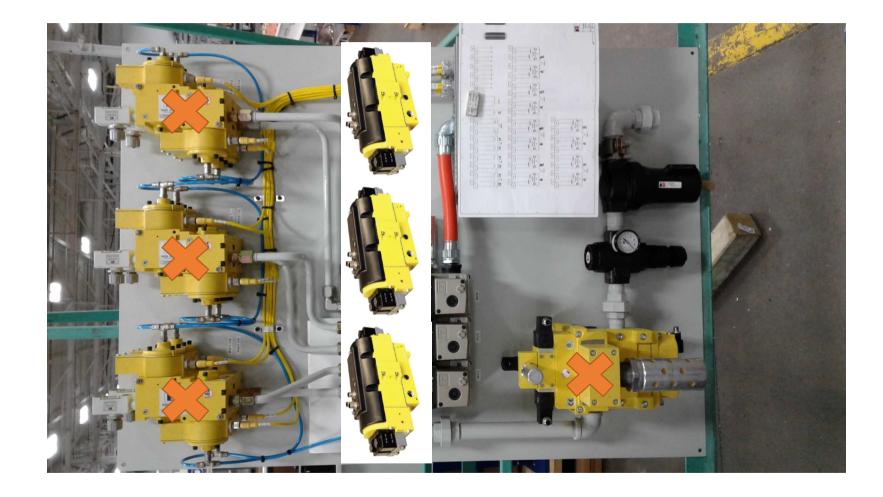






CC4 Application













Thanks for attending

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