

**INAIL**

# *Digital Integration in Machines and Process Industry*

Industry 5.0 design of Human- Machine Interaction

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Inail, "Sala del Parlamentino", 1st floor  
Via IV Novembre, 144

# INDUSTRIA 5.0



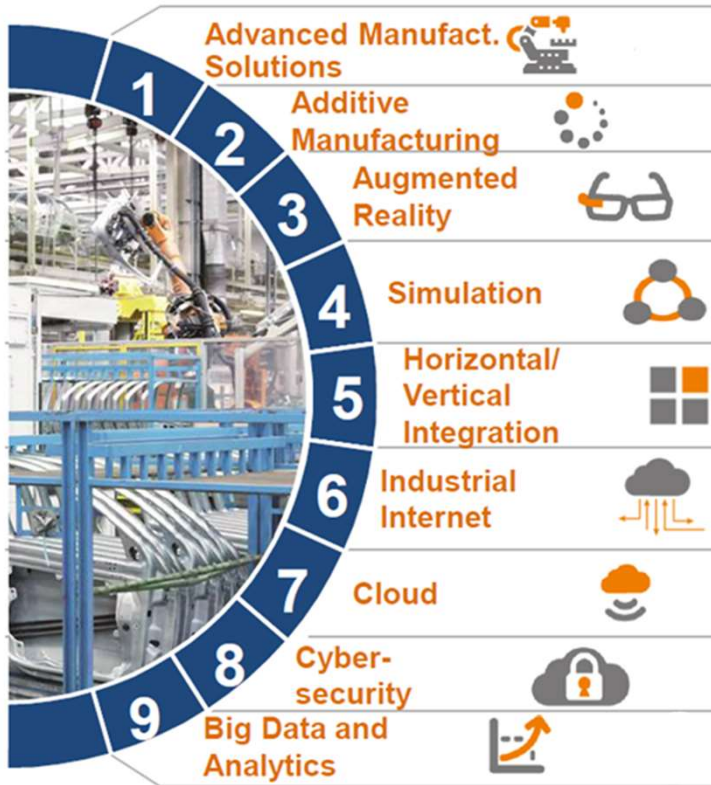
*Industry 5.0 recognises the power of industry to achieve **societal goals** beyond jobs and growth to become a provider of prosperity, by making production respect the boundaries of our planet and placing the **wellbeing of the industry worker at the centre of the production process.***

Mariya Gabriel,  
Commissioner for Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth

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# INDUSTRIA 4.0 → 5.0



- Individualised Human-machine-interaction
- Bio-inspired technologies and smart materials
- Digital twins and simulation
- Data transmission, storage, and analysis technologies
- Artificial Intelligence
- Technologies for energy efficiency, renewables, storage and autonomy

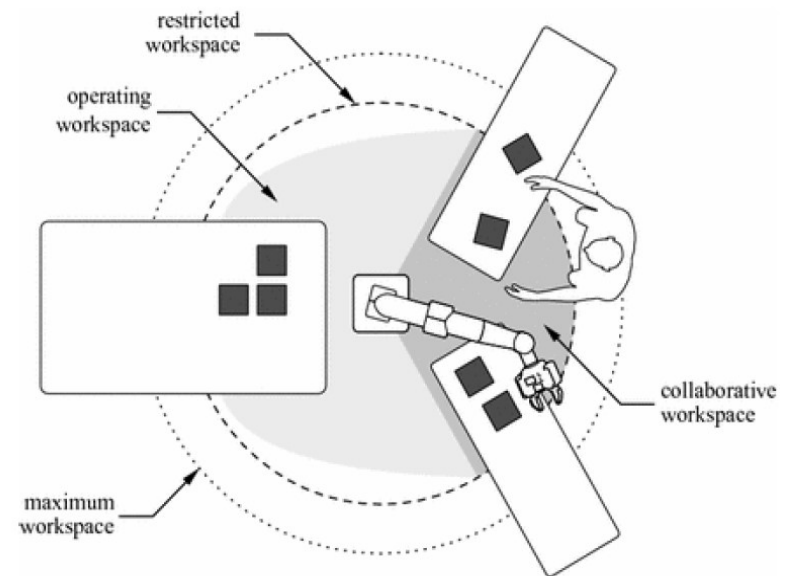
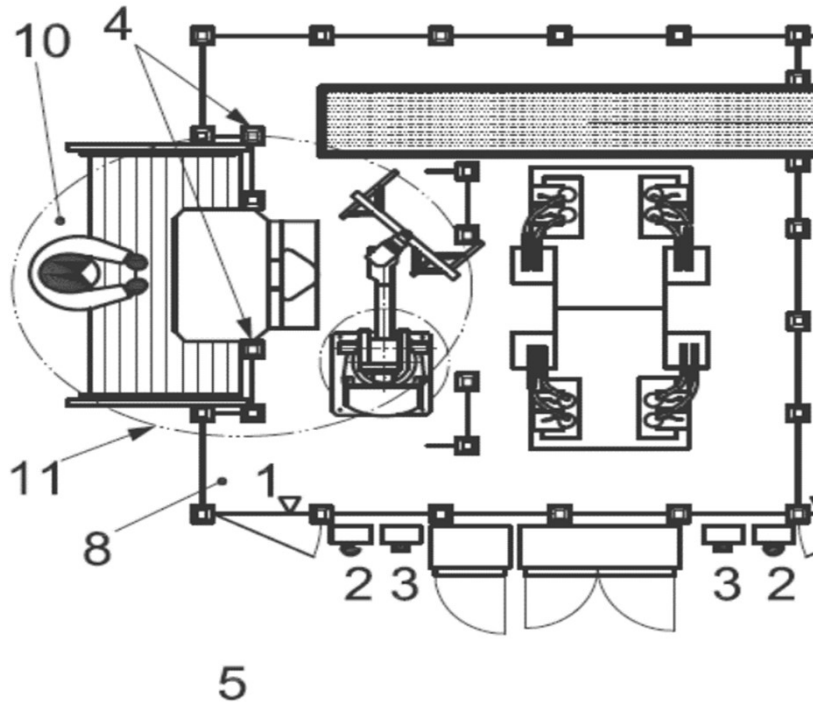
# HUMAN-MACHINE INTERFACE

The hardware or software through which an operator interacts with a controller. An HMI can range from a physical control panel with buttons and indicator lights to an industrial PC with a color graphics display running dedicated HMI software.



\*Bric ID 40 - 2019

# HUMAN MACHINE INTERACTION



\*UNI EN ISO 10218-2:2011 Robot e attrezzature per robot – Requisiti di sicurezza per robot industriali

Parte 2: Sistemi e integrazione di robot

# HAND GUIDING COLLABORATIVE APPLICATION

HG: the robot shall operate with a safety rated monitoring speed function active. The safety rated monitored speed limit shall be determined by risk assessment.



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# NEW REGULATION ON MACHINERY PRODUCTS

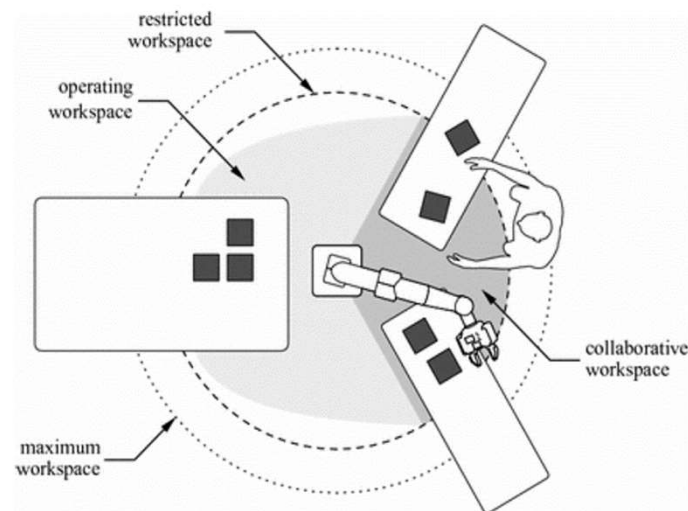


The screenshot shows the European Parliament News website. At the top left is the European Parliament logo and the word "News". To the right is a search bar. Below the logo is a navigation menu with "Headlines", "Press room", "Agenda", and "FAQ". The main content area has a breadcrumb "Press room / Parliament adopts new rules to guarantee safety of machinery in the digital era". The headline is "Parliament adopts updated rules to guarantee safety of machinery in the digital era". Below the headline are tags for "Press Releases", "PLENARY SESSION", and "IMCO", along with the date "18-04-2023 - 12:14". There are four social media icons: Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, and WhatsApp. The main text starts with "On Tuesday, Parliament gave its final approval to the new machinery regulation that was agreed on with the Council in December 2022." It then explains that the new rules adapt the existing legislative framework to the latest needs of the market and to emerging digital technologies, such as artificial intelligence. Their overall aim is to increase user-safety and improve predictability for the machinery industry, especially SMEs. They also encourage innovation, digital transition and consumers' trust. A section titled "List of machinery that requires more thorough conformity checks" states that the new rules introduce a stricter conformity assessment procedure for specific categories of machinery before these are placed on the EU market. This new procedure covers for example machinery with self-evolving behaviour (based on machine learning) and other categories of products mentioned in Annex I, Part A of the new regulation. For these products, the new regulation introduces a stricter conformity assessment procedure. On the right side, there is a "Further information" section with three links: "Adopted text will become available here (18.04.2023)", "Procedure file", and "Rapporteur Ivan Štefanec (EPP, SK)". At the bottom of this section is a link to "FPRS briefing 'Ensuring machine'".

## 1.3.7. RISKS RELATED TO MOVING PARTS

(...)The prevention of risks of contact leading to hazardous situations and the psychological stress that may be caused by the interaction with the machinery shall be adapted to:

- (a) **human-machine coexistence in a shared space without direct collaboration;**
- (b) **human-machine interaction.**





## 1.1.6. ERGONOMICS

Under the intended conditions of use, the discomfort, fatigue and physical and psychological stress faced by the operator shall be eliminated or reduced to the minimum possible, taking into account at least, the following ergonomic principles:

(....)

(g) where relevant, **adapting machinery** or a related product with intended fully or partially self-evolving behaviour or logic that is designed to operate with varying levels of autonomy **to respond to people adequately and appropriately** (such as verbally through words and non-verbally through gestures, facial expressions or body movement) **and to communicate its planned actions** (such as what it is going to do and why) to operators in a comprehensible manner.

## 1.3.7. RISKS RELATED TO MOVING PARTS

**to respond to people adequately and appropriately .....**



The response must be proportionate to the input and the reaction or behavior to be determined, for example for:

- CALLING ATTENTION
- IMPROVING SITUATION AWARENESS

.....

# THE COGNITIVE LOAD THEORY

Performing a specific task requires a Mental Work Load (MWL) for the human cognitive system; Cognitive Load Theory (CLT) considers three main aspects

## MENTAL LOAD

it refers to external events or factors that the operator cannot directly control (such as difficulty of task, environmental physical risks, types of display, layout of workplace, instructions)

## MENTAL EFFORT

it refers to either load or stress of operator. It depends on physiological characteristics of operator, background

## PERFORMANCE

it is the result of the work performed. If positive, it helps in learning new skills and improves human-machine interaction

## 1.3.7. RISKS RELATED TO MOVING PARTS

Digital technologies integrated in machines and process plants allow:

**Acquisition and analysis of operator data**

**Simulating interaction to develop and improve risk assessment – task based**

**Improving UX of systems**

**Testing the effectiveness of systems**

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